Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>ālih ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 CE)

1. Mention the author's (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) <b>name</b> and place / date of <b>birth</b> .
2. Mention three (3) of the author's (Ra $\underline{h}$ imahullāh) most famous <b>teachers</b> .
3. Mention three (3) of the author's (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) most important <b>books</b> .
4. Mention something about the author's (Rahimahullāh) <b>Higher Education</b> (after High School).
5. 'And in <b>Allāh</b> put your <b>trust</b> ' [5:23] points to an important <b>relationship</b> between <b>Tawakkul</b> and <b>Emaan</b> . Explain.
6. 'Then when you have taken a decision, put your <b>trust</b> in <b>Allāh'</b> , [3:159] shows the <b>importance</b> of <b>Tawakkul</b> . Explain
7. Explain how some scholars described the Manzilah (High Station) of Tawakkul in this Deen.
8. Discuss the author's division of <b>people</b> into <b>three (3) categories</b> as it relates to <b>Tawakkul 'ala Allāh</b> .

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 CE)

# MODIFIED Questionnaire-Study Guide: Lecture No. 2

1. Mention the author's (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) definition of <b>Tawakkul 'ala Allāh</b> (Trust & Reliance upon Allāh).
2. In the <u>H</u> adeeth of Ibn Abbās (Ra <u>d</u> iyAllāhu an-humā), it is mentioned that 'if all of the Ummah gathered together to <b>benefit</b> you or <b>harm</b> you with anything, they would <b>not</b> be able to <b>harm</b> you or <b>benefit</b> you except with[complete].
3. Mention Imām Ibn 'Uthaimeen's (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) definition of <b>Tawakkul 'ala Allāh</b> (Trust & Reliance upon Allāh).
4. Which aspects of this definition of <b>Tawakkul</b> are <b>not mentioned</b> in the definition of Shaykh <u>S</u> ālih al-Fawzān?
5. Summarize the three (3) elements of what Imām as-Sa'dee (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) refers to as <u>H</u> aqeeqah at-Tawakkul.
6. Mention what Imām as-Sa'dee (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh) offers as a <b>fourth</b> matter inseparable from <b>true</b> Tawakkul upon Allāh.

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 CE)

# MODIFIED Questionnaire-Study Guide: Lecture No. 2

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Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. Clarifying the misunderstanding of many people, the author says: 'Tawakkul 'ala Allāh is not[complete]	<b>-</b>
2. Give one of the examples mentioned by the author of this type of <b>misunderstanding</b> , as it relates to seeking <b>Rizq</b> or 'I	lm.
3. Give a <b>Daleel</b> from the <b>Sunnah</b> showing how utilizing the <b>Asbāb</b> along with <b>Tawakkul 'ala Allāh</b> is natural in the creation	on.
4. The author explains: 'Man utilizes the means in seeking provisions, while he puts his Tawakkul 'ala Allāh in	
5. Give a <b>Daleel</b> from the <b>Sunnah</b> where a man was <b>ordered</b> to combine between utilizing the <b>Asbāb</b> & <b>Tawakkul 'ala Allā</b>	h.
6. The scholars say: <b>Depending totally</b> upon the <b>Asbāb</b> is Shirk, while <b>totally abandoning</b> the <b>Asbāb</b> isSharee	'ah
7. Give an Āyah from the Qur'ān, wherein we are commanded to utilize the <b>Asbāb</b> (means) in seeking <b>Rizq</b> . [29:17; 62:10]	

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. Discuss 'Umar's statemen	t to those sitting in the Masjid f	or worship, while abandoning seeking the	zir Rizq (provisions).
2. Discuss briefly the <b>circun</b>	nstances of the revelation of: 'A	And take a provision (with you) for the jo	ourney[2:197].
3. Discuss briefly the <b>two</b> t	ypes of Rizq (provisions) indicate	ed in the above Āyah [2:197].	
4. Discuss the author's expl	anation of <b>Taqwā</b> being 'like a shi	eld'	
5. <b>Memorize</b> the <u>H</u> adeeth: '	If you were to place your <b>Tawakk</b>	kul on Allāh, with a true Tawakkul[A	hmad, Tirmidhee]
6. <b>Explain</b> what it is that the	e author calls us to <b>'take note'</b> o	f in this <u>H</u> adeeth.	
7. List the three <b>Aqsām</b> (div	isions) of <b>Ta'alluq</b> (of the heart)	to other than Allāh [Imām Ibn Uthaime	en (Ra <u>h</u> imahullāh)]
8 list the three 4hkam (ru	es regulations) related to Ashāh	o (means) [from Imām as-Sa'dee (Ra <u>h</u> imo	ahullāh)1
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Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. Discuss how Soorah Al-Anfāl, 8:60 is a proof of the necessity of utilizing the means along with Tawakkul 'Ala Allāh.
2. Since Allāh is able to destroy His enemies in a moment what is the <u>H</u> ikmah which He intends by the legislation of Jihād
3. What is it about <b>sacrificing one's life</b> which causes the author to refer to it as 'one of the greatest acts of <b>worship</b> '?
4. Which one of the <b>Shuroo<u>t</u> of al-Jihād Ash-Shar'ee</b> clearly distinguishes between it and <b>al-Irhāb</b> (Terrorism)?
5. Soorah al-Ankaboot, 29:2,3 indicates that those who <b>claim Emān</b> must be <b>tested</b> . Explain the <b>purpose</b> of this test.
6. <b>Memorize</b> the Āyah which mentions this purpose [Soorah al-Ankaboot, 29:3].
7. What happened at <b>Uhud</b> causing the <b>Mushrikeen</b> to abandon the idea of returning to Madinah to destroy the Muslims?

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. Explain how Soorah an-Nisā', 4:102 has been used by the author as a proof in the obligation of utilizing the means.
2. Discuss the <b>error</b> of the one who said: 'We will <b>not</b> be defeated today due to <b>small numbers</b> '.
3. <b>Memorize</b> the words from the <b>Qur'ān</b> which refer to <b>this statement</b> and this <b>occasion</b> [at-Tawbah, 9:25].
4. <b>Memorize</b> the magnificent words of <b>Tawakkul</b> of Prophet <b>Ibrāheem</b> (Alaihis-Salām) when he was thrown into the fire.
5. Mention the <b>occasion</b> when the <b>Prophet Mu<u>h</u>ammad</b> ( <u>S</u> allAllāhu Alaihi wa Sallam) said these same words [3:173].
6. Give three <b>examples</b> mentioned by the author of the <b>Prophet Mu<u>h</u>ammad</b> ( <u>S</u> allAllāhu Alaihi wa Sallam) utilizing <b>means</b> .
7. Discuss the <b>significance</b> of these <b>examples</b> of the <b>Prophet Muhammad</b> (SallAllāhu Alaihi wa Sallam) utilizing <b>means</b> .

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. What is the greatest <b>Thamarah</b> (Fruit) from the fruits of <b>Tawakkul</b> mentioned by the author and its <b>Daleel</b> (65:3).
2. What are three things mentioned by the author, due to which Allāh would suffice a person from every trouble or fear?
3. When a person places his <b>trust</b> on Allāh with a <b>true Tawakkul</b> , He <b>recompenses</b> him by being <u>Hasbu-hu</u> , i.e. the On Who will take care of <b>all</b> of his <b>affairs</b> . What is the <b>principle</b> (Qā'idah) mentioned by the author related to this matter?
4. Discuss briefly the second Thamarah (Fruit) from the fruits of Tawakkul mentioned by the author and its Daleel (3:159)
5. Mention one more <b>Thamarah</b> (Fruit) from the fruits of <b>Tawakkul</b> discussed by the author.
6. <b>Memorize</b> the <u>Hadeeth</u> concerning those who seek the <b>pleasure of Allāh</b> at the expense of the <b>displeasure</b> of people.
7. Briefly discuss the author's explanation of <b>Tawkeel</b> - with at least one example - [which distinguishes it from <b>Tawakkul</b> ].

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. What is <b>intended</b> by <b>Tawakkul</b> and what is its <b>reality</b> as mentioned by the author?
2. Is <b>Tawakkul</b> on Allāh only in times of <b>Shadā'id</b> (extreme hardships) or is it in every affair?
3. What is your <b>reply</b> to one who understands <b>Tawakkul</b> to mean <b>Tawākul</b> (indifference) & the <b>absence</b> of utilizing <b>means</b>
4. How does a person actually become a <b>Mutawakkil</b> (one who <b>depends</b> and <b>relies</b> ) upon <b>Allāh?</b>
5. Mention the <b>two</b> (2) <b>types</b> of <b>Asbāb</b> (means) discussed by the author.
6. Discuss the <b>author's reply</b> to one who takes <b>poison claiming</b> that he is <b>trusting</b> in Allāh to protect him from its harm.
7. Mention al-Asbāb al-Mu'eenah (helpful means) for attaching the heart to Allāh, discussed by the author.

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

MODIFIED Questionnaire-Study Guide: Lecture No. 10

1. What is the ruling concerning someone saying: Tawakkaltu 'ala Allāh thumma 'alaika (I trust in Allāh and then in you)?
2. Is it permissible to say: 'Mā Shā Allāh thumma Shi'ta' (It is the Will of Allāh and then your will)? Explain.
3. Why is <b>weakness</b> of one's <b>Tawakkul</b> on Allāh & <b>Tafwee<u>d</u> (</b> entrusting one's affairs to Allāh) considered weakness in <b>Emān?</b>
4. <u>Salāh al-Istikhārah</u> which entails Tafwee <u>d</u> (entrusting one's affairs to Allāh), should be accompanied by
5. <b>Memorize</b> the <b>Āyah</b> of Qur'ān which contains the above command [3:159].

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

1. Mention the <b>definition</b> offered by the Prophet (شهوا) when he was asked about <b>al-Fa'l</b> (optimism). Give an example.	
2. Does a person's <b>optimism</b> - due to someone being with him in business - <b>negate</b> the <b>perfection</b> of his <b>Tawakkul?</b>	
3. Mention the <b>Awsāf</b> (characteristics) of the <b>70,000</b> who will enter paradise without <u>H</u> isāb and without 'Adhāb.	
4. Is the <u>H</u> adeeth of the <b>70,000</b> who will enter paradise without <u>H</u> isāb/'Adhāb a proof for <b>not</b> utilizing the <b>means?</b> Expl	ain
5. Mention the statement of Ibnul-Qayyim which shows the error of expressions like: 'self-confidence'/'self-reliance'.	
6. Discuss Shaykh Mu <u>h</u> ammad Ibn Ibraheem's rejection of the use of such expressions, like: 'I have confidence in myself	:'.
7. Summarize what is <b>intended</b> by the <u>H</u> adeeth: 'By Allāh! It is not poverty about which I fear in regard to you'	

Ash-Shaykh Al-'Allāmah <u>S</u>āli<u>h</u> ibn Fawzān ibn 'Abdullāh Al-Fawzān (<u>H</u>afidhahullāh) (b. 1354 AH/1933 *C*E)

Modified Questionnaire-Study Guide: Lecture No. 12

1. A person's utilizing the Asbāb (means) and exerting himself in beneficial actions actualizes the perfection of what?

2. When Allāh determined the <b>divine decrees</b> He made two things an <b>essential part</b> of what He decreed. Explain.
3. Mention a <u>H</u> adeeth which clearly proves the inter-relationship between the <b>Qadaa' of Allāh</b> and utilizing <b>al-Asbāb</b> .
4. <b>A'dham al-Maqā<u>s</u>id</b> (the greatest objective in life) - without exception - isandandandand
5. The author explains that <b>Allāh</b> has made the <b>means/ways</b> to achieve this <b>objective</b> : <b>Emān</b> and